ear 4 Knowledge Organiser

Listening

Singing

• Unison songs with the range of an octave (do-do), with some leaps in the



• Follow directions for getting louder (crescendo) and (decrescendo) Rounds and partner songs in different time signatures (2, 3 and 4)

time) A simple second part introduces vocal harmony

Perform a range of songs in school assemblies

- Improvise on the instrument being learnt, making decisions about the structure
- Create short pentatonic phrases using a limited range of S pitches suitable for the instruments being learnt.
- Use rhythm cards to create sequences of 2-, 3- or 4-beat phrases, arranged into bars

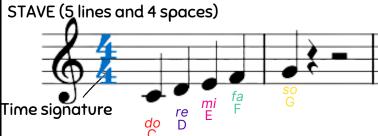
Introduce major and minor tonality Compose music to create a specific mood Capture and record creative ideas in a variety of ways; graphic symbols, rhythm and staff notation, technology

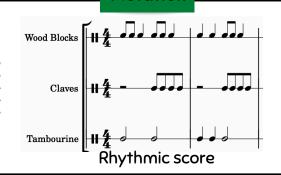
• Develop pupils' shared knowledge and understanding of the stories, origins, traditions, history and social context of the music they are listening to, singing and playing.

Listening to recorded performances should be complemented by opportunities to experience live music making in and out of

- Develop facility in the basic skills of a selected musical instrument. This can be achieved through working closely with your local Music Education Hub who can provide whole-class instrumental teaching programmes.
- Play and perform melodies following staff notation using a small range (e.g. C-G/do-so)
- · Copy short, melodic phrases
- Perform in two or more parts (e.g. melody and accompaniment or a duet) from simple notation using instruments played in whole class teaching. Identify static and moving parts.

Staff notation - music written on a





Notation

